EUROPEAN JOURNAL OF LIFE SAFETY AND STABILITY (EJLSS) ISSN2660-9630

www.ejlss.indexedresearch.org Volume 17, 2022 //



Fundamentals of Development of Multiple Different Farms in Uzbekistan

Buriyev Suleyman

Professor, Bukhara Institute of Natural Resources Management of the National Research University of Tashkent Institute of Irrigation and Agricultural Mechanization Engineers

Ahmadov Behzod Obidovich

Doctoral student, Bukhara Institute of Natural Resources Management of the National Research University of Tashkent Institute of Irrigation and Agricultural Mechanization Engineers

Ramazonov Feruz Furqatovich

Master, Bukhara Institute of Natural Resources Management of the National Research University of Tashkent Institute of Irrigation and Agricultural Mechanization Engineers

Ibragimova Madinabonu Mirzoalievna

Teacher, Bukhara Institute of Natural Resources Management of the National Research University of Tashkent Institute of Irrigation and Agricultural Mechanization Engineers

Abstract: In this article, the organizational legal framework of the development of multi-sectoral farmer farms in our country, the basics of the management of multi-sectoral farmer farms, and the introduction of new innovative technologies in the effective use of the lands of multi-sectoral farmer farms are discussed.

Keywords: agricultural land, diversified farming, intensive management, effective use of land, rational use, land plot.

Date of Submission: 18-4-2022 Date of Acceptance: 20-5-2022

Today, as a result of economic reforms in the agricultural sector of the Republic, farms, which are

the main employer in the village and are called agricultural entrepreneurs, are being supported in every possible way. At the same time, it is important to ensure the economic stability of farms and the formation of a management system based on market principles based on competitive products on the farm. Currently, practical measures are being taken to establish diversified production based on farms. The main goal of farms as the main form of management in agriculture is to achieve financial stability by producing quality and competitive products based on the efficient use of natural resources and material and technical resources, along with all entrepreneurs. Reforms in the agricultural sector and their implementation in practice, in particular, special attention to the principles of efficient use of land resources, are yielding positive results. In this regard, one of the urgent tasks today is the efficient use of existing irrigated and drylands, maintaining, restoring, and increasing their soil fertility, protecting them, and ensuring their targeted use. Consistent reforms in agriculture, the creation of new forms of management - the system of management of farms and peasant farms and the liberalization of their activities are directly aimed at the development of

agriculture. Due to the change in land ownership, the attention to irrigated lands, which are the real

national wealth of our people, invaluable property, and the source of our livelihood, is growing, and thus material interests are being achieved.

Targeted work is underway to reform agriculture. As a result, agriculture has changed radically in recent years. Farms, by their very nature, have become the main form of agricultural production, a leading force in ensuring the sustainable and efficient development of the sector. Most importantly, a real landowner appeared in the village. In addition to the production of agricultural products, diversified farms are characterized by their processing, construction work, and provision of services to the rural population. In multi-sector farms, an additional network of production may be established in connection with the main network or areas not related to the main network. The additional network is not related to the main network (areas of cultivation and processing of agricultural products): the organization of photographs, swimming pools, recreation centers, and public catering, can be organized in areas such as technical support for cars.

In recent years, the efficient use of farmland has been consistent and purposeful and has been an important factor in increasing the efficiency of farmers' activities. The analysis showed that the formation of sustainable farms, a significant increase in their working capital, ensuring the rational use of land and water resources, as well as mineral fertilizers, agricultural machinery, and other resources, as well as the possibility of a more precise organization of labor, strengthened the material and technical base of farms. Further, increase the efficiency of farms through the implementation of additional measures for the use of land plots at the disposal of farms,

As of January 1, 2020, the total number of farms is 84,222, including specialties: cotton-grain 25,597, grain-growing 6436, animal husbandry 10,133, horticulture 21030, viticulture 4864, vegetable growing. horticulture - 4773, horticulture - 743, and in other areas - 10646. As of January 1, 2020, the total area of land allocated to them in the country is 7331 thousand hectares, including arable land of 3271.9 thousand hectares, perennial forests of 273.5 thousand hectares, gray lands of 31 thousand hectares, pastures and hayfields accounted for 3,131.2 thousand hectares and 623.4 thousand hectares of non-agricultural land.

A farm is an independent economic entity with the right of a legal entity, based on the joint activity of members of the farm, engaged in the production of agricultural products using land plots leased to it on a long-term basis. Now another important issue is to clarify what the concept of "diversified farming" is. Typically, the term industry refers to an area of production that operates within a single area from an economic point of view but is subordinated to the purpose of producing a particular product. In this case, the main and additional branches are often separated. For example, if agriculture is a separate sector, its main branches are crop and animal husbandry. Each network is further subdivided into smaller networks.

Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated October 9, 2017 "On measures to radically improve the system of protection of the rights and legitimate interests of farmers, peasant farms and landowners, the efficient use of agricultural land" PF-5199 was adopted. It is no exaggeration to say that this normative legal document opened the door to great opportunities for further development of the agricultural system. The document sets priorities to protect the rights and legitimate interests of farmers, peasant farms, and landowners, as well as to increase the efficiency of their land use.

Further development of the farming movement in Uzbekistan and further improvement of the management system of diversified forms Republic of Uzbekistan "On Farms" to the law and the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On measures to radically improve the system of protection of the rights and legitimate interests of farmers, peasant farms and landowners, the efficient use of agricultural land" dated October 9, 2017, To ensure the implementation of Decree No. PF-5199On December 29, 2018, the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan adopted Resolution No.

972 "On approval of the Regulation on the procedure for the formation and maintenance of the register of diversified farms." This normative legal document has brought the system of forming a single register of diversified farms to a new level. According to this decision Multidisciplinary farming - the processing, storage, and sale of agricultural products, industrial production, the performance of works, provision of services and other activities not prohibited by law, along with the cultivation of agricultural products is a used farm. According to this decision, the register of diversified farms - in the legislation on processing, storage, and sale of agricultural products, industrial production, works, services, and activities, along with the cultivation of agricultural products. is a list of diversified farms engaged in other non-prohibited species.

The register is formed based on the specialization of diversified farms. When entering or updating the register, the following information and indicators are reflected (updated) for each diversified farm:

- ➤ The name of the diversified farm;
- Taxpayer Identification Number (INN)
- ➤ General classification code of enterprises and organizations (KTUT code)
- ➤ administrative-territorial affiliation code (MHOBT);
- Location of a diversified farm
- Specialization in diversified farms
- ➤ list of own fixed assets (production base, machines, and mechanisms);
- > contours of the land plot
- > means of communication (telephone, fax, e-mail, if available)

Multi-sectoral farms may be excluded from the Register in the following cases:

- ✓ their application to the district council for voluntary exclusion from the Register;
- ✓ liquidation of diversified farms;
- ✓ Non-compliance of diversified farms with the requirements of the legislation on diversified farms

The set of documents submitted for inclusion of the farm in the Register shall be sent to the Council no later than two days from the date of its receipt by the district council. The Council reviews the submitted materials and, within three days, decides whether or not to include the farm in the Register. Non-compliance of the farm with the requirements of the legislation on diversified farms is the basis for the decision of the Council to refuse to include the farm in the Register.

In short. The development of agriculture in the country leads to an increase in agricultural production. The increase in agricultural production is a guarantee of a completely happy life for the people. Therefore, the organization of more efficient use of land by farmers, peasant farms, and landowners is one of the most pressing issues today. To use the land effectively, it must first be handed over to a worthy owner. Protection of the rights and legitimate interests of farmers, peasant farms, and landowners, and radical improvement of the system of efficient use of agricultural lands will lead not only to the development of agriculture but also to the country's economy. As agricultural land is the main means of production in the Republic of Uzbekistan, attention to this area has risen to the forefront. Various laws, decrees, and decrees were issued for its development. The model of advanced states was introduced in a generalized way. In the current era of technology, the application of new technologies and the introduction of changes at leaky points will make a

huge contribution to the development of the industry. Obtaining, systematizing, storing, analyzing, and updating land-related information remains a key task. This cadastral data is used for the rational use of lands, their restoration, and protection. It is a benefit to a society based on the development of diversified farms. In multi-sectoral farms, the products grown through additional sectoral activities can be directed to the domestic consumption of farms and also put on the market. However, from an economic point of view, the additional network should have a high level of productivity. This is also consistent with the goals and objectives set in the development of a diversified farm.

List of used literature:

- 1. Oʻzbekiston Respublikasi Prezidentining "Fermer, dehqon xoʻjaliklari va tomorqa yer egalarining huquqlari va qonuniy manfaatlarini himoya qilish, qishloq xoʻjaligi ekin maydonlaridan samarali foydalanish tizimini tubdan takomillashtirish chora-tadbirlari toʻgʻrisida"gi farmoni. 2017-yil 9-oktyabr PF 5199
- 2. Oʻzbekiston Respublikasi Prezidentining "Fermer, dehqon xoʻjaliklari va tomorqa yer egalari faoliyatini yanada rivojlantirish boʻyicha tashkiliy chora-tadbirlar toʻgʻrisida"gi qarori. 2017-yil 10-oktyabr
- 3. Vazirlar mahkamasining qarori Koʻp tarmoqli fermer xoʻjaliklari reyestrini shakllantirish va yuritish tartibi toʻgʻrisidagi nizomni tasdiqlash toʻgʻrisida.
 - 2018-yil 29-noyabr,972-son
- 4. Oʻzbekiston Respublikasi Yer resurslarining holati toʻgʻrisida MILLIY HISOBOT. Yergeodezkadastr davlat qoʻmitasi, 2020 yil.
- 5. www.google.uz
- 6. www.ziyonet.uz