



Mahalla as an Institute for Increasing the Spirituality of Youth

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Abstract: Today, in order to raise the morale of young people, a more effective organization of social activities and an analysis of their activities based on new criteria are required. One of the requirements of our time was the formation of a new structure of the self-government body that meets the requirements of the time, the effective organization of its administrative system.

Keywords: state, society, reform, creativity, neighborhood, spirituality, national idea, tradition, tradition, value, tolerance, national identity, education, propaganda, monitoring, globalization, strategy, technology, trend.

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In the system of civil society institutions, the role of self-government bodies and neighborhoods is incomparable. Because, unlike other countries, the institution of good neighborliness has been tested for thousands of years and is developing as a socio-spiritual phenomenon that unites the population. We clearly see that it emerges as a factor in preserving the traditions and values of our people, uniting our youth, strengthening good feelings in them, especially in the current conditions of transition to a market economy.

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Mahalla is first of all a healthy social environment. Public opinion, which has a strong influence here, regulates the behavior and interaction of residents of the microdistrict on the basis of criteria of justice and morality. The area has great potential for effective spiritual work among the population. In particular, the place of neighborhood in the development of such qualities as national values, kindness, struggle for the honor of the country is incomparable. Organization of education and literacy training in neighborhoods, helping needy families during traditional holidays and events, encouraging talented youth, increasing the influence of women, preventing various

injustices, using the opportunities of the media, improving interaction with other institutions, organizing joint events, promotion is carried out uniquely by improving intergenerational relationships[2]. That is, social advertising as a means of influence, the organization of various courses, the creation of psychological services for families, support for entrepreneurship, widespread use in the work of educating young people on the advice of fathers, and the implementation of a psycholinguistic analysis of information received through the media. It is important to carry out monitoring of public opinion in microdistricts. Then the neighborhood will become a truly impressive center for educating citizens, primarily in the spirit of the national ideal.

In today's era of globalization, the role and importance of the neighborhood in preserving our national values and educating our youth as worthy children of our country is growing. The deep meaning lies in the sayings of our people: "Proximity is both father and mother", "seven neighbors-parents for one child". Raising the spiritual world of the younger generation, educating it in the spirit of national and universal values has become an important area of activity for our microdistricts. Neighboring branches make a worthy contribution to the good work that is being carried out in our country to educate the mature generation in all aspects. The role of the mahalla in matters related to the spiritual and moral education of young people is increasing. Neighborhood - "public opinion, which has a strong influence here, regulates the behavior and interactions of the inhabitants of the neighborhood on the basis of justice and moral criteria. In this sense, the microdistrict can be called the classroom of democracy"[3].

In our opinion, it is appropriate to put forward the following proposals for more effective organization and development of neighborhood activities in order to raise the morale of young people. These are: firstly, in today's era of globalization, it is necessary to prevent young people from entering into various destructive currents, and in the process of working with unorganized youth, the Neighborhood Institute must constantly develop cooperation relations, relying on the "Agency for Youth Affairs" in terms of its activities; secondly, the level of spiritual, social and political knowledge of the district elders in some districts is still insufficient, and their activities cannot be called at the proper level. Therefore, it is necessary to introduce a system of attestation of citizens who have put forward their candidacy for the post of chairman of the mahalla, before a special commission formed under the mahalla and city governments, its further improvement by introducing a test or dialogue system for determining the level of their socio-political, economic and spiritual knowledge; thirdly, it is desirable to connect all district offices in our republic to a single network of the "Ministry for Support of the Mahalla and Family" and the "Republican Charitable Public Fund "Mahalla" through an online connection in the form of centralized management[4].

Therefore, today's rapid changes, along with all areas, require an analysis of the microdistrict and its management system, socio-political, economic and spiritual activities based on new criteria. It is no secret that the formation of a new structure of a self-government body that meets the requirements of the time, the effective organization of its work system has become one of the important tasks. In this regard, an important step was adopted by the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan on February 3, 2017 in a new version of the Decree "On measures to further improve the mahalla institution". Also, in the 1st priority area of the "Strategy of Action" in five priority areas of development of the Republic of Uzbekistan for 2017-2021 and the 1st priority area of the "Development Strategy of New Uzbekistan for 2022-2026" on "Improve the role and effectiveness of the neighborhood institution in management by the community" it is not in vain that great importance is attached to it. It is necessary to further introduce some areas of the action strategy and the development strategy of New Uzbekistan.

In particular, this document determined the way of decentralization of public authorities. The appeal acknowledged that the decisions made by government agencies are still too centralized. For a positive solution to this issue, it was stated that "Mahalla is the bright face of our society and a

mirror of conscience”, and “... leaders of all levels should go down, study the problems of local areas in their field and find solutions to them, and ensure the result that people feel”[5], - an important instruction was given.

Determining the state of affairs in a microdistrict as the main criterion for evaluating the work of the ministry, departments and governors appears as a new mechanism that brings public administration to a higher level.

It was emphasized that in further improving the efficiency of public administration, special attention should be paid to the following:

- a clear definition of the tasks of the agencies, leaving no room for repetition;
- formation of leadership initiative, knowledge, skills, determination;
- optimization of the number of employees and work processes through the widespread use of digital technologies;
- training of all employees to work on the basis of modern information technologies;
- development of new draft laws aimed at improving the activities of local government bodies, bodies and institutions of local self-government;
- continue to support NGOs and the media in the development of civil society[5].

In our opinion, as a result of the fulfillment of these tasks, law and order is ensured; a strong economy is being created; funds are saved; the well-being of the people is ensured; the rights and freedoms of citizens are fully ensured; ensuring public safety and law and order, defense and security of the country; cases of corruption are reduced; Discontent in government agencies will stop.

From this point of view, the process of social development is also a phenomenon inextricably linked with the factor of a healthy lifestyle. As the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh.M. Mirziyoyev stated: “The widespread introduction of a healthy lifestyle among the population, especially among our youth, should be one of the priorities”[6], they reported that the work carried out over a period of five years would be continued.

In our country, 2022, called the "Year of respect for universal values and active good neighborliness", has a very deep meaning. An important place is occupied by the social development of the younger generation based on youth support and health promotion. Social development means changing the meaning of society, which includes new social relations, changed values and new requirements and norms. The concept of social development as a real development process reveals three characteristics in its content: the irreversibility of action, purposefulness, and a tendency to rely on new laws. “The chairman of the mahalla should be given the right to introduce issues that should be considered at a meeting of the local council. This will create an opportunity to quickly resolve problems,” [5] they said.

It should be said here that poverty, which is a characteristic of the economic situation of each person or social group, implies that people can satisfy a certain amount of the minimum needs necessary to maintain life, work capacity and procreation. “Poverty” is a relative and vague concept, depending on the general standard of living in a given society[7]. In our opinion, it is determined separately based on the level of socio-economic development of the country, based on the consumption and income of the population.

In this regard, the following measures are needed at the state level in each country to reduce poverty:

- creation of conditions for increasing the monetary income of the population through the expansion of production;
- use the method of progressive taxation to introduce the principles of a socially oriented market economy and a fair distribution of income between high- and low-income people;
- maintenance of macroeconomic stability;
- anti-inflationary policy;
- determination of the size of the minimum wage in the amount of at least 40 percent of the average wage (Ketts index);
- development of social programs and mechanisms for their implementation;
- control of economic immigration of the population from regions with a low level of development (reducing the import of poverty)[8].

On the other hand, at a new stage of reforms based on the principles of widespread introduction of market mechanisms in Uzbekistan, increasing the effectiveness of further work to reduce the role of the state in the economy and expand the participation of the private sector requires the development of a clear, transparent and result-oriented mechanism for managing the economy.

In the regions, the first practical work to reduce poverty will be carried out in a "neighbourly" style. Including:

- on the basis of studying the housing conditions and social status of each household and family in microdistricts, a preliminary list and passports of the microdistrict are formed;
- by dividing this segment of the population into groups that need direct material and non-material support or whose incomes can be increased through vocational training and entrepreneurship training, as well as determining the necessary resources and measures based on the specifics, the characteristics of the regions are developed and implemented[5].

A new procedure for the appointment and collection of social benefits and material assistance to low-income families was gradually introduced in the republic through the information system of the Unified Register of Social Protection.

In the context of the pandemic, based on the implemented measures to ensure employment and social support, the head of each industry began to maintain a register of support for low-income families - an "iron notebook"[9].

Temir Daftar is a transparent list formed in the neighborhood of low-income families who were left without work and without income during the quarantine. The residents included in this list are constantly provided with the necessary assistance. These families are provided with material and social support in order to lift the poor out of poverty[10]. This financial assistance was implemented in accordance with the "Temporary procedure for creating a source of income for families whose social status and living conditions have deteriorated during the coronavirus pandemic", approved by the Prime Minister of the Republic of Uzbekistan and the head of the Presidential Administration. June 16, 2020

At the same time, the issues of youth orientation and employment are also under constant attention. Particular attention is paid to the use of the "Master-student" school for teaching boys and girls national crafts. This year, "youth departments" began to operate in the microdistricts of all regions of our republic, the main purpose of which is to find answers to such questions as what the youth living in the microdistrict are doing now, what are their interests, and what are the obstacles to their implementation. This is a separate department under the control of the district, which includes

members of the working group. This working group will meet directly with young people in the field and advocate for the benefits available to them and what can be achieved from them. However, the virtues inherent in our people, such as goodwill towards each other, friendship in good and bad times, are embedded in the minds and worldviews of young people in the neighborhood environment. A person who has grown up in the spirit of such values will be capable of goodness, creativity and creativity, and, of course, will be far from the influence of other people's ideas and ideologies. Successful completion of tasks in this plan will help our future owners become physically and spiritually healthy people. Today, the microdistrict is becoming a truly impressive center for educating young people in the spirit of the national ideal.

In conclusion, it should be said that we all understand well that the place of the neighborhood is incomparable in raising a healthy generation in the spirit of our national values, improving in their minds such noble qualities as patriotism, philanthropy, kindness, and honoring the honor of the country. Therefore, there is no doubt that in our society the task of educating mature young people who believe in their potential and intelligence, who see the interests of society in harmony with their personal interests, will become an important daily activity of a prestigious association. I like the area not only today, but also in the future. After all, the role and influence of the neighborhood in the formation of a healthy lifestyle in the family and in the stabilization of the spiritual environment, in the upbringing of a healthy, mature, spiritually complete child in all respects, in the upbringing of the legal, moral, ethical and physiological knowledge of parents in preparing young people for family life.

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