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Concerns About Improving the State System's Performance in Emergency Scenarios

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Abstract: the issue of prevention and elimination of consequences of emergency situations is always relevant. In our country, a specially created system, the State System for Emergency Situations, deals with this issue. The improvement of this system is possible by planning the necessary measures assigned to it. When planning activities, it is necessary to separate the main activities from the rest. Such measures include the allocation of special events, increasing the readiness of government bodies, the correct distribution of forces and means, ensuring the stable operation of the media, etc.

The article highlights the stages of these events. Issues of improving the state system for emergency situations by improving work at each stage of events were discussed.

Keywords: State system for emergency situations, planning, management, forces and means, exercises.

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It is well known that the state system of prevention of emergency situations and action in such situations (SPES) of the Republic of Uzbekistan was established not long after the Ministry of Emergency Situations of the Republic of Uzbekistan was established [1,2] by decision of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan. SPES implements measures to get rid of, stop, and manage the things that lead to emergencies. The Ministry of Emergency Situations oversees the SPES's operations within its purview of responsibility. The information about emergency situations and the actions taken by the ministry is communicated to the National Security Council of the Republic and the Cabinet of Ministers. [3]. The prevention of potential emergencies on the territory of our country and the sharing of information regarding them are currently established in this manner.

The following are the primary duties of SPES, as determined by the ruling: [4]:

- ➤ formulation and implementation of regulatory legal instruments; implementation of state policy in the area of protecting the populace and territory from emergency circumstances in peacetime and during exceptional occasions;
- predicting potential emergency events on republican soil and evaluating their socioeconomic repercussions;

- ➤ the creation and execution of focused programs for the defense of the populace and its territories against emergencies, as well as the execution of scientific projects within the framework of governmental programs related to scientific activity in this field;
- guaranteeing that management entities, forces, and tools created for the avoidance and abolition of emergency situations are always prepared;
- > collecting, analyzing, exchanging, compiling, and delivering data in the area of populace and territory protection against disaster circumstances;
- > preparing the populace, management-body authorities, rescue teams and facilities, as well as civil defense organizations, to respond in an emergency;

It is appropriate to produce the requirements and principles for each level system, prepare the planning principle, and put it into practice based on the legal and regulatory documents in the area of protecting the population from emergency situations, in addition to the forward-looking and significant planning of the SPES, in order to increase its effectiveness. The New Uzbekistan Development Strategy for 2022–2026 and the State Program for the implementation of the Development Strategy in the "Year of Human Resources uluFlash and Active Neighborhood" both include measures to further enhance SPES and develop an effective system of emergency situation prevention and elimination in priority directions, goals, and tasks. [6]

First and foremost, the rules of regulating and legal documents on warning and eliminating repercussions in the field of ES are adhered to in the analysis of preliminary data from SPES of the Republic of Uzbekistan [5]. It specifically states the following:

- > legality;
- humanity, the priority of human life and health;
- transparency;
- accuracy and timeliness of information;
- preview of protection measures from emergency situations

The aforementioned steps must be taken in order to plan and carry out SPES activities in a timely and effective manner, as well as to terminate ES difficulties.

The intention behind integrating and adhering to the aforementioned systems into the Republic of Uzbekistan's SPES activity planning was to increase the activity of the system's efficacy.

The protection of the populace, organizations, and environment from natural and ecological disasters, accidents and disasters, epidemics, epizootics, epiphytotics, as well as contemporary extermination kings, is the focus of targeted programs and activities in the field when we discuss the relevance of the planning of SPES activities at the territorial level of the Republic of Uzbekistan [4].

The following is the goal of ES warning and planning measures for its elimination: it gives the desired effect in the implementation of organizational, economic, sanitary-hygienic, sanitary-epidemiological, and special measures for the implementation of tasks that are interrelated and allocated in accordance with the size of this resource.

Identifying the primary tasks, choosing specific activities, and directing these activities to the primary forces and actions of SPES and ES management organizations are all important at this point when considering the aim of planning. The issues surrounding the readiness of the governing bodies, the dependability of public protection, the stability of information distribution channels, as

well as the organization of forces and resources for the implementation of emergency rescue and other urgent measures, are the main points of emphasis.

It is vital to be able to put these goals in their proper context, to clearly and logically describe them, and to be able to articulate them in order for the objectives outlined in the planning of the main events to be implemented and to coordinate the authority and behavior of the participation.

It has been discovered that regional planning is more effective when it comes to concerns like population protection and the safeguarding of material and cultural resources against potential emergencies.

As a result, a crucial component of planning is the requirement for centralized planning and activity execution.

Also, independent of the legal-organizational and ownership forms of these activities, the protection of the inhabitants and territory is carried out at various levels in all organizations.

In addition to being carried out during emergency - rescue and other non-delayed operations in disaster zones, SPES events at these levels assure the objective orientation and organization of activities for the protection of the population and the stability of economic objects.

The regional governors, also known as the chiefs of civil protection, are in charge of organizing the regular training of forces and resources as well as carrying out the key planning papers for the execution of all SPES activities in their respective regions.

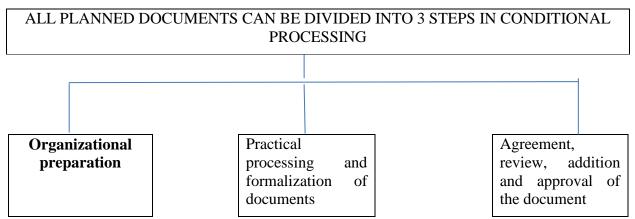


Figure 1. Stages of plan development

The following is carried out at the first stage:

- deciding the makeup of the performances;
- ➤ the creation of the management organization's calendar work plan based on the processing of planned documents;
- reading relevant manuals, instructions from superiors, related documents, and other materials;
- > gathering, compiling, and analyzing preliminary data required for document modification;
- > calculating the overall workload in accordance with the processing of plans, allocating responsibilities in accordance with plans, appointing accountable executive personnel, and displaying documentation.

Officials from SPES, in addition to the day-to-day management team, are involved in preparing planning papers and:

- ➤ Members of the evacuation commission and the committee in charge of monitoring the stability of economic items;
- > SPES managers and representatives;
- > more officials.

At the second stage, practical re-measures and plans are formalized, essential preliminary agreements are formed, issues of mutual cooperation are clarified, and decisions on particular issues are made and brought to the executors' notice.

The third and final step is when all planning documents' contents are strictly agreed upon, as well as the sequence in which SPES activities are to be organized at the regional level. Individual issues and proposals are then carefully examined and submitted for approval in the appropriate way.

In order to prepare the management staff to organize management in emergency situations, command and staff training exercises are carried out. Every three years, training exercises are arranged using the resources of regions, cities, and districts. Three days and nights are spent holding it [4]. The dates of significant events are also considered when distributing the schedule of the command-staff training exercises. This also depends on providing trainings in a lively manner and at the regional level, as well as on quality control by representatives of other official bodies.

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